NIKO-SEM

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

P0470ETF:TO-220F

Halogen-Free & Lead-Free

RoHS Compliant

PRODUCT SUMMARY

$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$	I_D
700V	$2.8\,\Omega$	4A

D

G

S
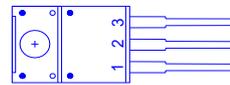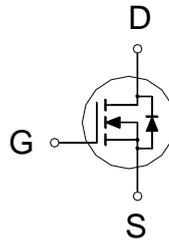
1. GATE
2. DRAIN
3. SOURCE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUN RATINGS(T_A=25 °C Unless Otherwise Noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		SYMBOL	LIMITS	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	700	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	±30	V
Continuous Drain Current[2]	T_C = 25 °C	I_D	4	A
	T_C = 100 °C		2.6	
Pulsed Drain Current[1]		I_{DM}	16	
Avalanche Current [3]		I_{AS}	2	
Avalanche Energy[3]		E_{AS}	20	mJ
Power Dissipation	T_C = 25 °C	P_D	54	W
	T_C = 100 °C		22	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range		T_j, T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

THERMAL RESISTANCE	SYMBOL	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNITS
Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$		2.3	°C / W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$		62.5	°C / W

[1]Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
[2]Ensure that the channel temperature does not exceed 150°C.
[3]V_{DD} = 50V , L = 10mH ,starting T_J = 25°C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25 °C, Unless Otherwise Noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
STATIC						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250μA	700			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250μA	2	3	4	
Gate-Body Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = ±30V			±100	nA

REV 1.1

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

P0470ETF:TO-220F

Halogen-Free & Lead-Free

|						
Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = 700V, V_{GS} = 0V , T_C = 25 °C			1	μA
		V_{DS} = 560V, V_{GS} = 0V , T_C = 100 °C			10	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[1]	$R_{DS(ON)}$	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2A		2.2	2.8	Ω
Forward Transconductance[1]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 2A		7.7		S
DYNAMIC						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V, f = 1MHz		661		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			63		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			8		
Total Gate Charge[2]	Q_g	V_{DD} = 560V, I_D =4A, V_{GS} = 10V		15		nC
Gate-Source Charge[2]	Q_{gs}			2.9		
Gate-Drain Charge[2]	Q_{gd}			5		
Turn-On Delay Time[2]	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = 350V, I_D =4A, R_G= 6 Ω		37		nS
Rise Time[2]	t_r			13.5		
Turn-Off Delay Time[2]	$t_{d(off)}$			17		
Fall Time[2]	t_f			12.3		
SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25 °C)						
Continuous Current[3]	I_S				4	A
Forward Voltage[1]	V_{SD}	I_F =4A, V_{GS} = 0V			1	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F =4A, dI_F/dt = 100A / μS		354		nS
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			2.4		uC

[1]Pulse test : Pulse Width ≤ 380 μsec, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.
[2]Independent of operating temperature.
[3]Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

Output Characteristics


VGS=10V
VGS=9V
VGS=8V
VGS=7V
VGS=6V
VGS=5V
VGS=4.5V

VGS=4V

I_D, Drain-To-Source Current(A) vs V_{DS}, Drain-To-Source Voltage(V)
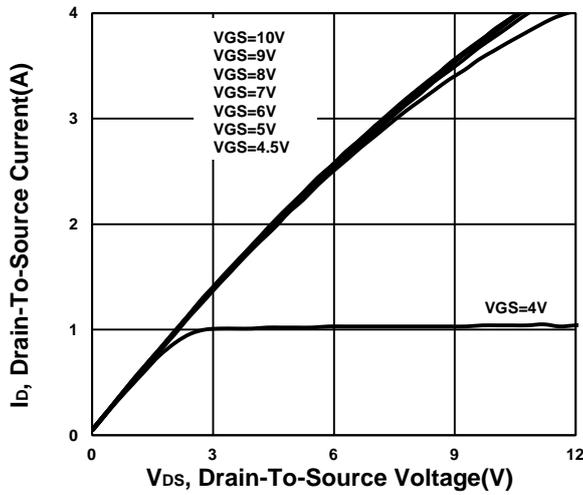
Transfer Characteristics

25℃
125℃ -20℃

I_D, Drain-To-Source Current(A) vs V_{GS}, Gate-To-Source Voltage(V)
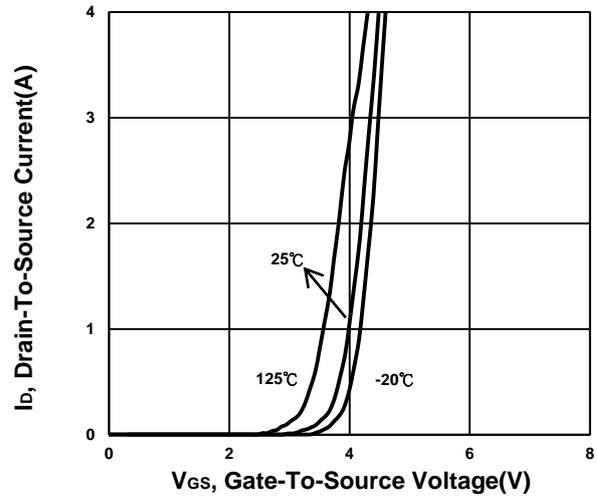
On-Resistance VS Gate-To-Source

ID=4A

$R_{DS(ON)}$ON-Resistance(OHM) vs V_{GS}, Gate-To-Source Voltage(V)
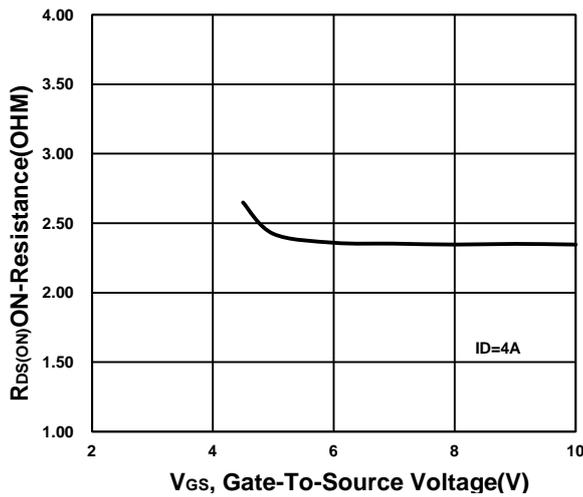
On-Resistance VS Drain Current

VGS=10V

$R_{DS(ON)}$ON-Resistance(OHM) vs I_D, Drain-To-Source Current(A)
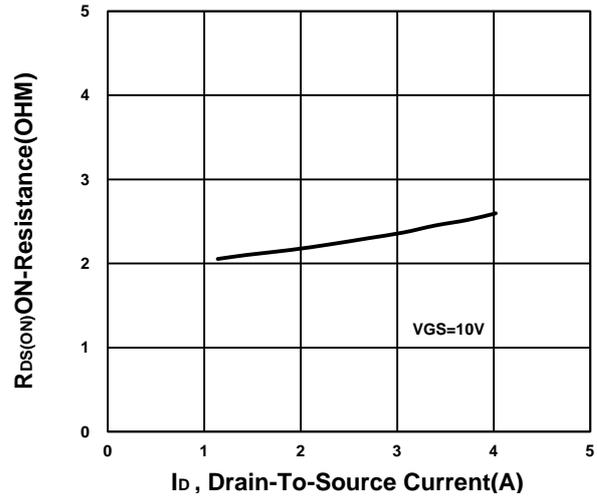
On-Resistance VS Temperature

VGS=10V
ID=4A

Normalized Drain to Source ON-Resistance vs T_J, Junction Temperature(℃)
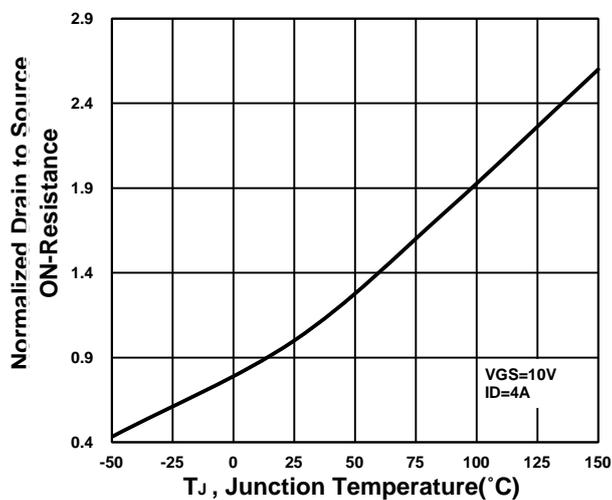
Capacitance Characteristic

CISS
COSS
CRSS

C , Capacitance(pF) vs V_{DS}, Drain-To-Source Voltage(V)
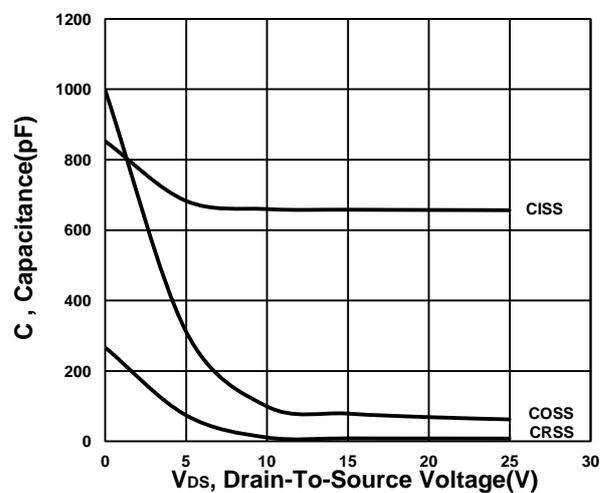
Gate charge Characteristics

VDS=560V
ID=4A

Y-axis: V_{GS}, Gate-To-Source Voltage(V)
X-axis: Q_g, Total Gate Charge(nC)
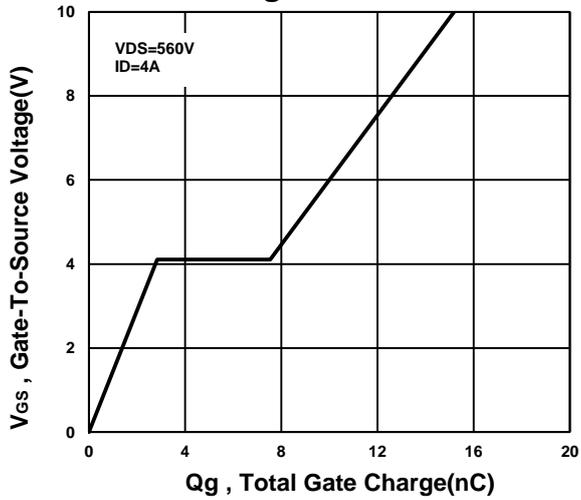
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

150℃   25℃

Y-axis: I_S, Source Current(A)
X-axis: V_{SD}, Source-To-Drain Voltage(V)

Safe Operating Area

Operation in This Area is Limited by RDS(ON)

1ms
10ms
100ms
DC

NOTE :
1.VGS= 10V
2.TC=25˚C
3.RθJC = 2.3 ˚C/W
4.Single Pulse

Y-axis: I_D, Drain Current(A)
X-axis: V_{DS}, Drain-To-Source Voltage(V)
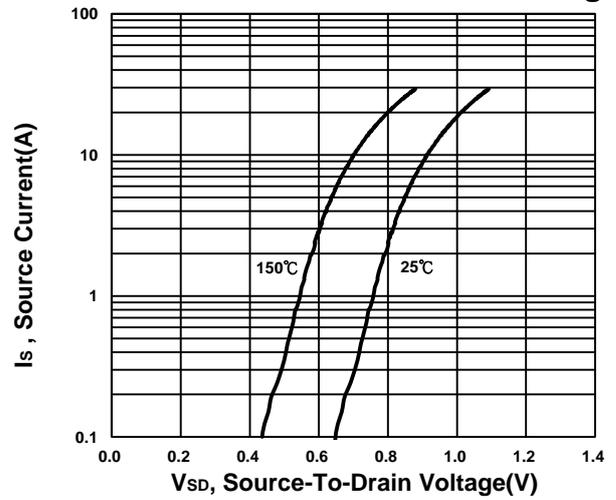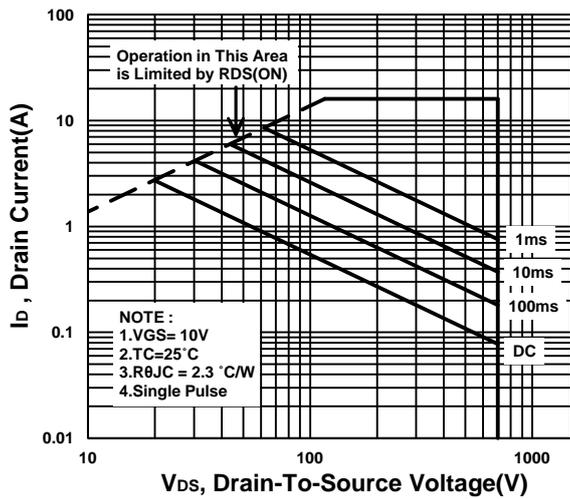
Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Single Pulse
RθJC = 2.3˚C/W
TC=25˚C

Y-axis: Power(W)
X-axis: Single Pulse Time(s)
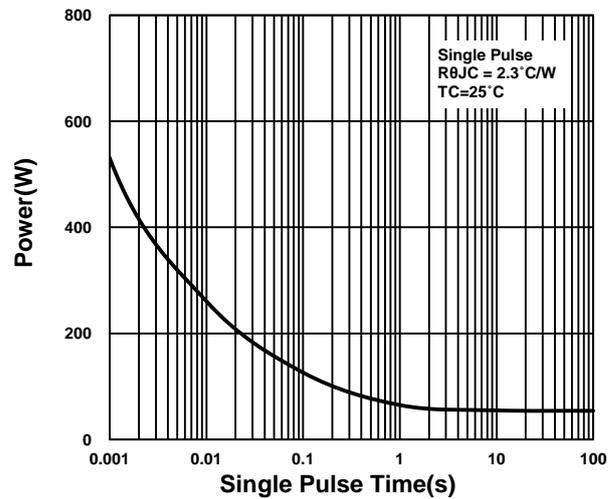
Transient Thermal Response Curve

Duty cycle=0.5
0.2
0.1
0.05
0.02
0.01

single pulse

Notes

P_{DM}
t1
t2

1.Duty cycle, D= t1 / t2
2.RthJC = 2.3 ℃/W
3.TJ-TC = P*RthJC(t)
4.RthJC(t) = r(t)*RthJC

Y-axis: r(t) , Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Resistance
X-axis: T_1 , Square Wave Pulse Duration[sec]